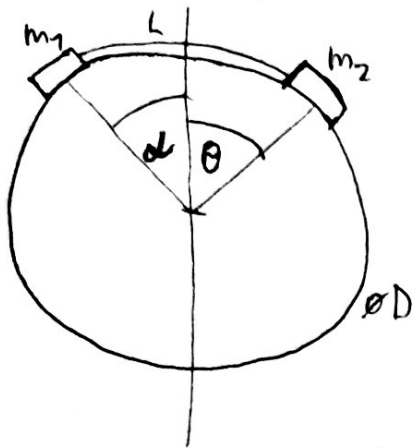


Príklad 6

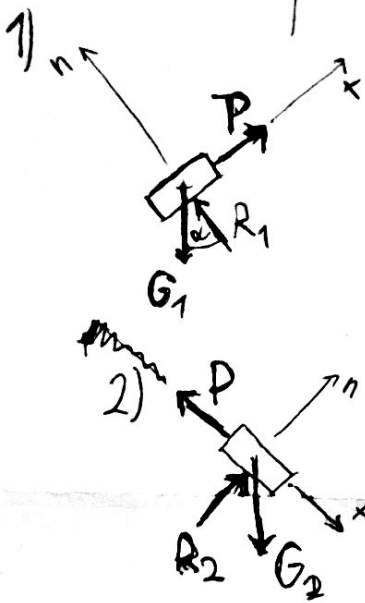
$$m_1 = 200 \text{ kg}, m_2 = 150 \text{ kg}, D = 0,8 \text{ m}, L = 0,628$$



$$L = R(\alpha + \theta)$$

$$(\alpha + \theta) = \frac{L}{R} = \frac{2L}{D} = 1,57 \text{ rad} = 89,95^\circ \approx 90^\circ = \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$\alpha = \frac{\pi}{2} - \theta$$



$$1) \quad t: P - G_1 \sin \alpha = 0$$

$$h: R_1 - G_1 \cos \alpha = 0$$

$$P - G_1 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right) = 0 \quad (1)$$

$$R_1 - G_1 \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right) = 0 \quad (2)$$

$$2) \quad t: +P - G_2 \sin \theta = 0 \quad (3)$$

$$h: R_2 + G_2 \cos \theta = 0 \quad (4)$$

$$z(1) \quad P = G_1 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right)$$

$$(3) \quad -G_1 \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right) + G_2 \sin \theta = 0$$

$$-G_1 \cos \theta + G_2 \sin \theta = 0$$

$$G_1 \cos \theta = G_2 \sin \theta$$

$$\text{tg} \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta} = \frac{G_1}{G_2}$$

$$\theta = \text{arctg} \left(\frac{G_1}{G_2} \right) = \text{arctg} \left(\frac{200 \cdot 9,81}{150 \cdot 9,81} \right) = 0,927 \text{ rad} =$$

$$= \underline{\underline{53,1^\circ}}$$

$$\sin \left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta \right) = \cos \theta$$