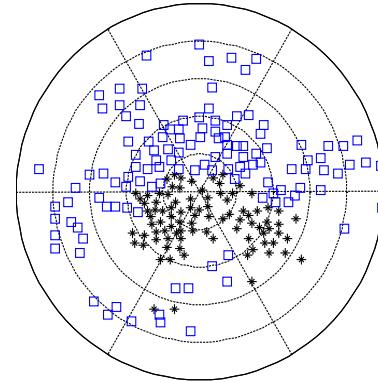




# MULTI-COMPONENT TEXTILE FIBROUS FORMATIONS (MFF)

„CHARACTERISTICS OF FIBER BLEND“

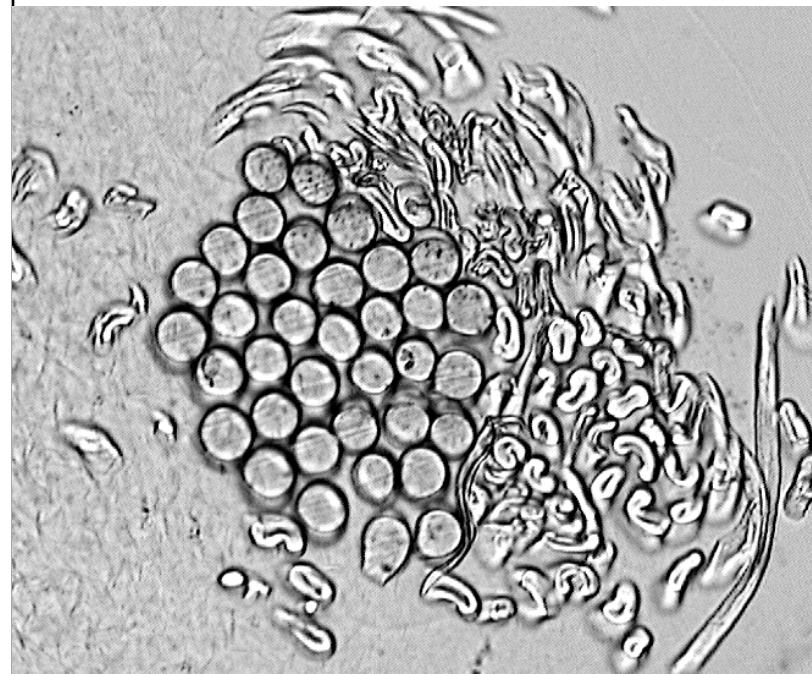


# Cross section of blended yarns

Cross section of ring spun yarn  
20 tex, 65% PES/35% WO



Cross section of rotor spun yarn  
30 tex, 70% PES/30% cotton



# Fibrous formation

- Fibrous formation = fibrous assembly, fibers are in direct (mutual) contact
- Division of MFF from point of view of:
  - Geometrical properties (linear, areal, 3D)
  - Hierarchy of structure ( simple – yarn, web composite – knitted, woven fabrics)
- Types of fibers
  - one-component (one type of fibres)
  - multi-component (mixed assemblies)

# Multi-fiber blend - input parameters:

n number of components,  $i = 1, 2, 3, \dots, n$

Mass of i-th component  $m_i$  [kg]

$$\sum_i m_i = m, \quad m_i \leq m$$

Total mass of fibers (blend) ...  $m$

Mass fraction of i-th component  $g_i$  [1]  $\quad g_i = m_i / m$

$$\sum_i g_i = 1$$

Density of i-th component  $\rho_i$  [kg/m<sup>3</sup>]

Fineness of fiber of i-th component  $t_i$  [tex]

Average fibre length of i-th component  $l_i$  [mm]

## In the mass unit of blend we define:

Volume of i-th component  $V_i$  [m<sup>3</sup>.kg<sup>-1</sup>]

$$V_i = \frac{g_i}{\rho_i}$$

Total volume of the blend

$$V = \sum_{i=1}^n V_i = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( m \frac{g_i}{\rho_i} \right) = m \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{g_i}{\rho_i}$$

Mean fiber density of the blend  $\rho$ [kg.m<sup>-3</sup>]

... weighted harmonic mean value

$$\frac{1}{\rho} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{g_i}{\rho_i} \right)$$

Volume fraction of i-th component of the blend  $v_i$  [1]

$$v_i = \frac{V_i}{V} = \frac{V_i}{\sum V_i} = \frac{g_i / \rho_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n (g_i / \rho_i)} = \frac{g_i}{\rho_i} \rho = g_i \frac{\rho}{\rho_i}$$

Total length of fibers of i-th component  $L_i$  [tex $^{-1}$ ]

$$L_i = \frac{g_i}{t_i}$$

Total length of all fibers in blend  $L$  [tex $^{-1}$ ]

$$L = \sum_i^n L_i$$

Mean fiber fineness in blend  $t$  [tex]

$$\frac{1}{t} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left( \frac{g_i}{t_i} \right)$$

... weighted harmonic mean

## Fiber length fraction of i-th component $\lambda_i$ [1]

$$\lambda_i = L_i / L = L_i / \sum_i L_i = \frac{g_i}{t_i} / \sum_i \frac{g_i}{t_i} = \frac{g_i}{t_i} t = g_i \frac{t}{t_i}$$

## Number of fibers of i-th component $n_i$ [g<sup>-1</sup>]

$$n_i = \frac{L_i}{I_i} = \frac{\lambda_i \sum_i L_i}{I_i} = \frac{\lambda_i}{I_i} \sum_i L_i$$

## Total number of fibers in the blend $n$ [g<sup>-1</sup>]

$$n = \sum_i n_i = \sum_i \left[ \frac{\lambda_i}{I_i} \sum_i L_i \right] = \left( \sum_i L_i \right) \left( \sum_i \frac{\lambda_i}{I_i} \right)$$

# Mean fiber length in the blend / [mm]

$$l = \frac{L}{n} = \frac{\sum_i L_i}{\sum_i L_i \sum_i \left( \frac{\lambda_i}{l_i} \right)} = \frac{1}{\sum_i \left( \frac{\lambda_i}{l_i} \right)}$$

$$\frac{1}{l} = \sum_i \left( \frac{\lambda_i}{l_i} \right)$$

*... weighted harmonic mean*

## Relative frequency of i-th component $v_i$ [1]

$$v_i = \frac{n_i}{n} = \frac{\frac{\lambda_i}{l_i} \sum_i L_i}{\sum_i L_i \sum_i \frac{\lambda_i}{l_i}} = \frac{\frac{\lambda_i}{l_i}}{\sum_i \frac{\lambda_i}{l_i}} = \lambda_i \frac{l}{l_i}$$



Total fiber surface of i-th component  $A_i$  [m<sup>2</sup>.kg<sup>-1</sup>]

$$A_i = L_i p_i = \frac{g_i}{t_i} [\pi d_i (1 + q_i)] = \frac{g_i \pi d_i (1 + q_i)}{s_i \rho_i} = g_i \frac{4(1 + q_i)}{d_i \rho_i} = g_i a_i$$

Specific surface of fiber of i-th component  $a_i$  [m<sup>2</sup>.kg<sup>-1</sup>]

$$a_i = \frac{4(1 + q_i)}{d_i \rho_i}$$

$$a_i = \frac{2000\sqrt{\pi}(1 + q_i)}{\sqrt{\rho_i t_i}}$$

Mean specific surface area of the blend a [m<sup>-2</sup>.kg<sup>-1</sup>]

$$a = \frac{A}{m} = \frac{\textcolor{blue}{m} \sum_{i=1}^n (g_i a_i)}{\textcolor{blue}{m}}, \quad a = \sum_{i=1}^n (g_i a_i)$$

... weighted arithmetical mean

Fiber surface area fraction α<sub>i</sub> [1]

$$\alpha_i = \frac{A_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n A_i} = \frac{g_i a_i}{\sum_{i=1}^n (g_i a_i)} = g_i \frac{a_i}{a}$$

# Task 1

## Blend 70%PES / 30%cotton

$g_i [1]$	0,70	0,30
$t_i [\text{tex}]$	0,16	0,12
$\rho_i [\text{kgm}^{-3}]$	1360	1520
$l_i [\text{mm}]$	40	25
$q_i [1]$	0,05	0,47
$\rho [\text{kgm}^{-3}]$	1404	
$v_i [1]$	0,723	0,277
$t [\text{tex}]$	0,145	
$\lambda_i [1]$	0,637	0,363
$L_i [\text{kmg}^{-1}]$	4,375	2,5
$L [\text{kmg}^{-1}]$	6,875	
$n_i [\text{g}^{-1}]$	109 375	100 000
$n [\text{g}^{-1}]$	209 375	
$l [\text{mm}]$	32,8	
$A_i [\text{m}^2\text{kg}^{-1}]$	179,99	116,54
$a [\text{m}^2\text{kg}^{-1}]$	296,53	
$\alpha_i [1]$	0,61	0,38

## Task 2

For blended yarn 45wool/55PES evaluate:

- a) Mean density of fiber
- b) Mean fineness of fiber
- c) Length portions of components

Equivalent diameter of woollen fiber is  $22\mu\text{m}$ , fineness of PES fiber is 5,2dtex.

$$\rho_{\text{wool}} = 1310 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

$$\rho_{\text{PES}} = 1360 \text{ kg/m}^3$$

## Task 3

Blend 65% cotton/ 35% polypropylene		
$g_i [1]$	0,65	0,35
$t_i [\text{tex}]$	0,17	0,188
$\rho_i [\text{kgm}^{-3}]$	1520	910
$l_i [\text{mm}]$	26,5	38,8
$q_i [1]$	0,47	0,07
$\rho [\text{kgm}^{-3}]$	1231	
$v_i [1]$	0,53	0,47
$t [\text{tex}]$	0,176	
$\lambda_i [1]$	0,67	0,33
$L_i [\text{kmg}^{-1}]$	3,82	1,86
$L [\text{kmg}^{-1}]$	5,68	
$n_i [\text{g}^{-1}]$	144 284	47 982
$n [\text{g}^{-1}]$	192 266	
$l [\text{mm}]$	29,6	
$A_i [\text{m}^2\text{kg}^{-1}]$	210,7	101,5
$a [\text{m}^2\text{kg}^{-1}]$	312,2	
$\alpha_i [1]$	0,67	0,33