

Solution

- 1 calculate the volume of cubes with side lengths [2.1 3.3 4] cm

```
>> cubes=[2.1 3.3 4]

cubes =
    2.1000    3.3000    4.0000

>> cubes.^3

ans =
    9.2610    35.9370    64.0000
```

Solution

- 2 calculate the functional values of $y = \cos(x)$ for x in points $0, \pi/4, \pi/2, \dots, 2\pi$ and in the vector y change the sign for the element, which are less than zero

```
>> x=0:pi/4:2*pi
x =
    0    0.7854    1.5708    2.3562    3.1416    3.9270    4.7124    5.4978    6.2832
>> y=cos(x)
y =
    1.0000    0.7071    0.0000   -0.7071   -1.0000   -0.7071   -0.0000    0.7071    1.0000
>> ind=find(y<0)
ind =
     4     5     6     7
>> y(ind)=-y(ind)
y =
    1.0000    0.7071    0.0000    0.7071    1.0000    0.7071    0.0000    0.7071    1.0000
```

Solution

- 3 create vector of numbers $\langle -1, 2 \rangle$ containing 15 elements and remove the negative elements from the vector

```
>> c=linspace(-1,2,15)

c =

Columns 1 through 14

-1.0000   -0.7857   -0.5714   -0.3571   -0.1429    0.0714    0.2857    0.5000    . . .
    0.7143    0.9286    1.1429    1.3571    1.5714    1.7857

Column 15

    2.0000

>> c(c>0)

ans =

    0.0714    0.2857    0.5000    0.7143    0.9286    1.1429    1.3571    1.5714    . . .
    1.7857    2.0000
```

Solution

- 4 generate 3×5 matrix of $N(0, 1)$ random numbers, find the position (row,column) of maximum value and increase the value 10 times

```
>> M=randn(3,5)

M =
   -1.3077    3.5784    3.0349    0.7147    1.4897
   -0.4336    2.7694    0.7254   -0.2050    1.4090
    0.3426   -1.3499   -0.0631   -0.1241    1.4172

>> m=max(M(:))

m =
    3.5784

>> [r s]=find(M==m)

r = 1

s = 2

>> M(r,s)=M(r,s)*10

M =
   -1.3077   35.7840    3.0349    0.7147    1.4897
   -0.4336    2.7694    0.7254   -0.2050    1.4090
    0.3426   -1.3499   -0.0631   -0.1241    1.4172
```

Solution

5 for a vector t ($t=1:0.2:2$), write down the MATLAB expression that will compute:

- $\ln(2 + t + t^2)$,
- $\cos(t)^2 - \sin(t)^2$,
- $e^t(1+\cos(3t))$,
- $\tan^{-1}(t)$.

```
>> t=1:0.2:2;

>> log(2+t+t.^2)
ans =
    1.3863    1.5347    1.6790    1.8181    1.9516    2.0794

>> cos(t.^2)-sin(t.^2)
ans =
   -0.3012   -0.8610   -1.3047   -1.3849   -0.8969    0.1032

>> t=1:0.2:2;

>> exp(t).*(1+cos(3*t))
ans =
    0.0272    0.3428    2.0671    5.3864    9.8893   14.4838

>> atan(t)
ans =
    0.7854    0.8761    0.9505    1.0122    1.0637    1.1071
```

Solution

6 for given matrices solve following equations:

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad B = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$C = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

- $A + X_1 = B$,
- $(A - X_2)C = B$.

```
>> A=[1 0 -1;2 1 1];
>> B=[2 -2 1;0 1 2];
>> C=[1 0 1;0 1 1;1 0 0];

>> X1=B-A % to express unknown X1
X1 =
     1     -2     2
    -2     0     1

>> X2=A-B/C % to express unknown X2
X2 =
    -2     2     0
     1     0     2
```

Solution

- 7 Create an integer random 5×6 matrix A with elements from interval $[-7,7]$ and compute the sum of its line maxims.

```
A = round(14 * rand(5, 6) - 7)
A =
     4     -6     -5     -5     2     4
     6     -3     7     -1     -7     3
    -5     1     6     6     5    -2
     6     6     0     4     6     2
     2     7     4     6     3    -5

>> sum(max(A'))
ans =
    30
```