

Quality Function Deployment

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Course: KPE/MNKIM

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Definition

- QFD: is "an overall concept that provides a means of translating customer requirements into the appropriate technical requirements for each stage of product development and production" (Sullivan, 1986).
- QFD combines quantitative and qualitative analysis
- The voice of the customer is analyzed.

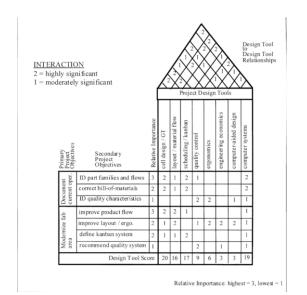


Source: Alvarez Arteaga, Areli, 2020



Definition

- The technique of QFD is based on a series of matrices which convert customer needs into specifications.
- -It sometimes generates anothers matrices.
- This planning plan is used in the field of services and in manufacturing.



Source: L. Carrano, Andrés, 2006



Brief history

- QFD was developed in Japan by Yoji Akao in the 70s, at Mitsubishi's Kobe ship-yard site.
- Between 1977-1984 was adopted by Toyota.
- In 1980s it was introduced in USA.



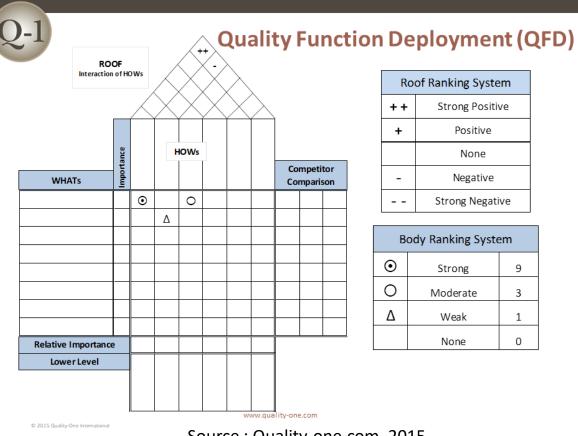
Source: Master's of Lean and

Sigma, 2020



The House of Quality

- One core definition that all Houses should follow.
- 4 parts: the What's, the How's, the Roof & the middle.

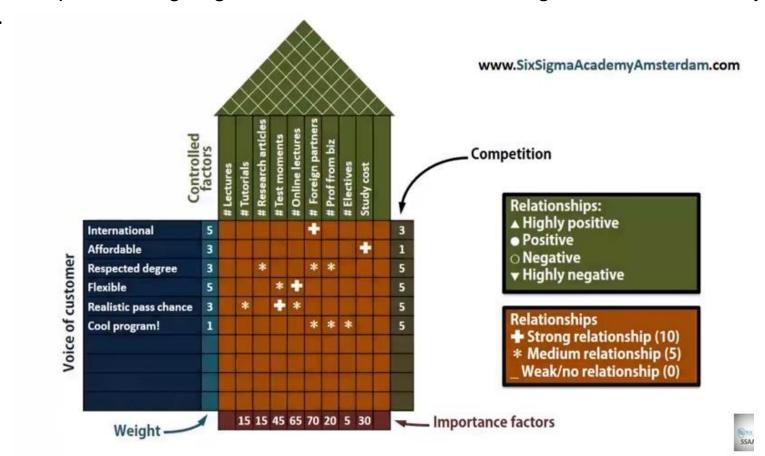


Source: Quality-one.com, 2015



How it Works?

Example of designing a business administration degree in one university

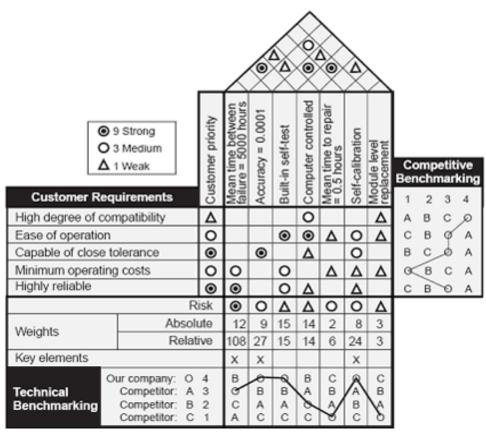


Source: Six Segma Academy Amsterdam, 2019



The Core of QFD

- The "House of Quality".
- Multiple versions of House existing : no universal definition.



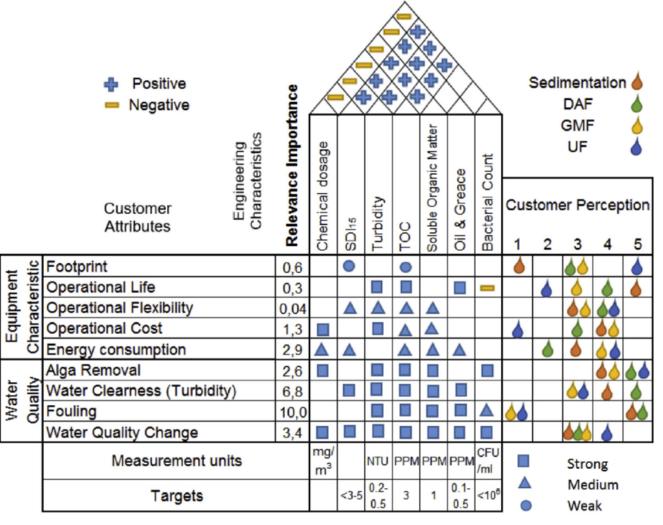
- Differents symbols.
- Competition part is seperate with 3 competitor (A,B,C).

Source: Jack B. ReVelle's, Quality Essentials, 2004





The Core of QFD



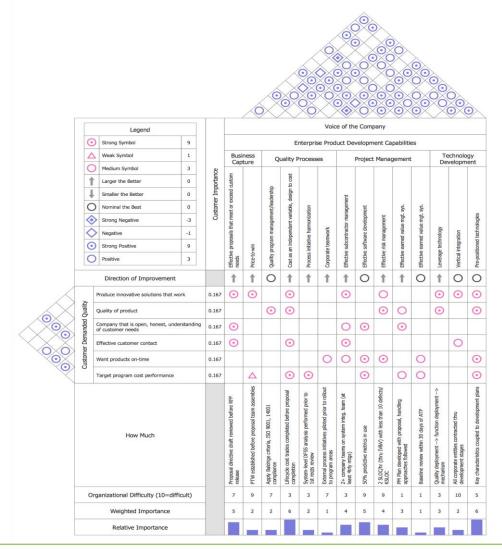
- The customers needs are separated in two parts.
- Left side
 reprensents the
 customer
 perception.

Source: Research Gate, 2017





The Core of QFD



Roof on the
What's » to see the
relation between
customers needs

Source: Concept Draw, 2016



Benefits and Limits

Benefits	Limits
Continuous improvement	The qualitative nature of the method makes it more difficult
Marketing tool	Sometimes: customer needs≠ technical needs
Improves interfunctional communication	Interfunctional communication can be difficult
Better analysis of complaints	It's based mainly on qualitative data
Better understanding of the client	The need to analyse big amount of data
Focus on teamwork	Previous training
Makes an interrelation between costs and customer needs	Slowness of performing QFD analysis

Source: own processsing



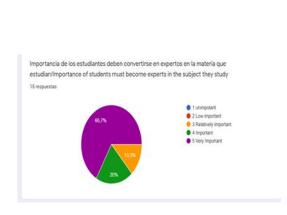
Practical example

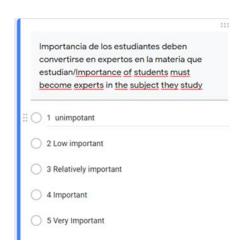
Data collected by personal interviewes.

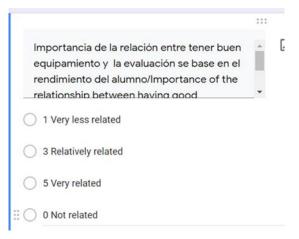
Three types of questions.

Sampling: Spanish Erasmus student.

We asked for student needs.







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should be						l				
based on						l				
performance				_						
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should be in						l				
preparation						l				
for graduate						l				
and doctorate The number	1	3.3%				3		3	3	
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parties										
Importance	Absolute		85	87	90	58	91	65		
	Relative		17.86%	18.28%	18.90%	12.18%	19.12%	13.65%		
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Practical example

We find the costomer needs by a personal interview, then we tried to find the technical requirements needs for the accomplishment of the voice of costumer.

Firstly, we calculated the percent of costumer importance to find the most important one for the costumers, then we sum the columns of such technical requirements for the same goal.

We measure the interrelation between the technical requirements and made a comparison between another Both data are not related with competitor. calculation, however, they would be important.



Practical example

- Legend:
 - Customer importance:
 - 1: unimportant
 - 2: Low important
 - 3: Relatively Important
 - 4: Important
 - 5: Very important
 - Interrelation of customer needs and technical requirements:
 - 1: Very least related
 - 3: Relatevely related
 - 5: Very related
 - 0: Not related



Conclusion

The most important customer needs are "students must become experts in the subjects" and "Evaluation should be based on performance".

The most important requirement, related to the needs of students is "a library where they can find useful information" with a 19.12%.



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