



D:  $\varphi_2(t)$   
 $l_1, l_2, l_3, l_4$

$$l_2 \cos \varphi_2 + l_3 \cos \varphi_3 - l_4 \cos \varphi_4 - l_1 = 0$$

$$l_2 \sin \varphi_2 + l_3 \sin \varphi_3 - l_4 \sin \varphi_4 = 0$$

V: 1.  $\varphi_3$   
 2.  $\varphi_4$

1. vyloučíme z rovnic  $\varphi_4$

$$\begin{array}{r} l_2 \cos \varphi_2 + l_3 \cos \varphi_3 - l_1 = l_4 \cos \varphi_4 \\ l_2 \sin \varphi_2 + l_3 \sin \varphi_3 = l_4 \sin \varphi_4 \end{array} \quad \left| \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 2 \end{array} \right. +$$

$$(l_2 \cos \varphi_2 + l_3 \cos \varphi_3 - l_1)^2 + (l_2 \sin \varphi_2 + l_3 \sin \varphi_3)^2 = (l_4 \cos \varphi_4)^2 + (l_4 \sin \varphi_4)^2 =$$

$$\begin{aligned} & l_2^2 \cos^2 \varphi_2 + l_3^2 \cos^2 \varphi_3 + l_1^2 + 2l_2 l_3 \cos \varphi_2 \cos \varphi_3 - 2l_1 l_2 \cos \varphi_2 - \\ & - 2l_1 l_3 \cos \varphi_3 + l_2^2 \sin^2 \varphi_2 + l_3^2 \sin^2 \varphi_3 + 2l_2 l_3 \sin \varphi_2 \sin \varphi_3 = \\ & = l_4^2 (\cos^2 \varphi_4 + \sin^2 \varphi_4) \\ & l_1^2 + l_2^2 + l_3^2 - l_4^2 - 2l_1 l_2 \cos \varphi_2 + (2l_2 l_3 \cos \varphi_2 - l_1 l_2) \cos \varphi_3 + \\ & 2l_2 l_3 \sin \varphi_2 \sin \varphi_3 = 0 \end{aligned}$$

$$A = 2(l_2 l_3 \cos \varphi_2 - l_1 l_2) \cos \varphi_3$$

$$B = 2l_2 l_3 \sin \varphi_2$$

$$C = l_1^2 + l_2^2 + l_3^2 - l_4^2 - 2l_1 l_2 \cos \varphi_2$$

Trigonometrická rve

$$A \cos \varphi_3 + B \sin \varphi_3 + C = 0 \quad (I)$$

Odvozem:

$$A = m \sin \lambda$$

$$B = m \cos \lambda$$

$$\operatorname{tg} \lambda = \frac{A}{B}$$

$$m^2 (\sin^2 \lambda + \cos^2 \lambda) = A^2 + B^2 \Rightarrow m = \pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}$$

$$m \sin \lambda \cos \varphi_3 + m \cos \lambda \sin \varphi_3 + C = 0$$

$$m \sin (\lambda + \varphi_3) + C = 0$$

$$\sin (\lambda + \varphi_3) = -\frac{C}{m}$$

$$\varphi_3 = \arcsin \frac{-C}{m} - \gamma$$

(2)

$$\boxed{\varphi_3 = \arcsin \frac{C}{\pm \sqrt{A^2 + B^2}} - \arctg \frac{A}{B}}$$

1. převodová fce  $\mu = \frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}$   $\mu$  [mí]

implicitní derivace rovnice (I) podle  $d\varphi_2$

$$A \cos \varphi_3 + B \sin \varphi_3 + C = 0 \quad | \quad \frac{d}{d\varphi_2}$$

$$\frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} \cos \varphi_3 - A \sin \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} + \frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} \sin \varphi_3 + B \cos \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} + \frac{dC}{d\varphi_2} = 0 \quad (II)$$

$$\boxed{\mu = \frac{\frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} \cos \varphi_3 + \frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} \sin \varphi_3 + \frac{dC}{d\varphi_2}}{A \sin \varphi_3 - B \cos \varphi_3}}$$

$A, B, C$  jsou fce  $\varphi_2$

$$\frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} = -2l_2 l_3 \sin \varphi_2$$

$$\frac{d^2 A}{d\varphi_2^2} = -2l_2 l_3 \cos \varphi_2$$

$$\frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} = 2l_2 l_3 \cos \varphi_2$$

$$\frac{d^2 B}{d\varphi_2^2} = -2l_2 l_3 \sin \varphi_2$$

$$\frac{dC}{d\varphi_2} = 2l_1 l_2 \sin \varphi_2$$

$$\frac{d^2 C}{d\varphi_2^2} = 2l_1 l_2 \cos \varphi_2$$

2. převodová fce  $\nu = \frac{d^2 \varphi_3}{d\varphi_2^2}$   $\nu$  [ný]

implicitní derivace fce (II)

(II)  $| \frac{d}{d\varphi_2}$

$$\frac{d^2 A}{d\varphi_2^2} \cos \varphi_3 - \frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} \sin \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} - \frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} \sin \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} - A \cos \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)^2}_{\mu^2} -$$

$$- A \sin \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d^2 \varphi_3}{d\varphi_2^2}\right)}_{\nu} + \frac{d^2 B}{d\varphi_2^2} \sin \varphi_3 + \frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} \cos \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} + \frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} \cos \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d\varphi_3}{d\varphi_2}\right)}_{\mu} -$$

$$- B \sin \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d^2 \varphi_3}{d\varphi_2^2}\right)}_{\nu} + B \cos \varphi_3 \underbrace{\left(\frac{d^2 \varphi_3}{d\varphi_2^2}\right)}_{\nu} + \frac{d^2 C}{d\varphi_2^2} = 0$$

$$\nu = \frac{\frac{d^2 A}{d\varphi_2^2} \cos \varphi_3 + \frac{d^2 B}{d\varphi_2^2} \sin \varphi_3 - 2 \left( \frac{dA}{d\varphi_2} \sin \varphi_3 - \frac{dB}{d\varphi_2} \cos \varphi_3 \right) \mu - (A \cos \varphi_3 + B \sin \varphi_3) \mu^2 + \frac{d^2 C}{d\varphi_2^2}}{A \sin \varphi_3 - B \cos \varphi_3}$$

úhlová rychlost členu 3

$$\dot{\psi}_3 = \mu \dot{\psi}_2 \quad \omega_3 = \mu \omega_2$$

úhlová zrychlení čl. 3

$$\ddot{\psi}_3 = \nu \dot{\psi}_2^2 + \mu \ddot{\psi}_2$$

$$\alpha_3 = \nu \omega_2^2 + \mu \alpha_2$$