

# Moment nily k obecné ose

①

Dámt:

Síla  $\vec{F} (F_x, F_y, F_z)$

$$F_x = 10 \text{ N}; F_y = 20 \text{ N}; F_z = 40 \text{ N}$$

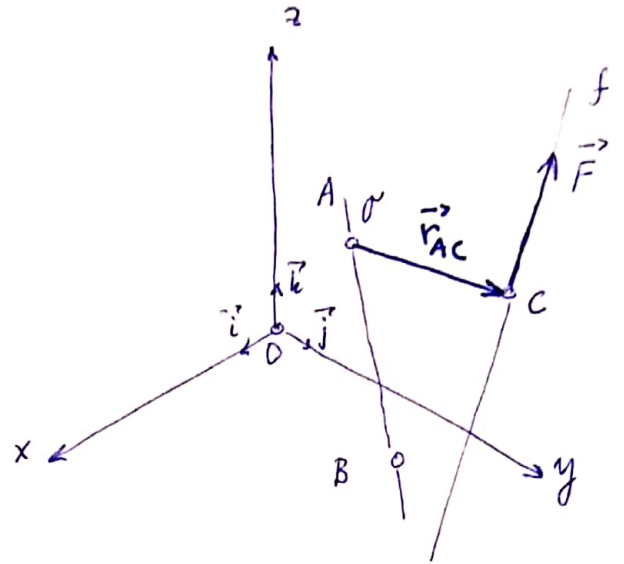
Polohové nily

$$C [x_C, y_C, z_C] \quad \begin{aligned} x_C &= 8 \text{ m} \\ y_C &= 11 \text{ m} \\ z_C &= 10 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

Polohové osy  $\sigma$ :

$$A [x_A, y_A, z_A] \quad \begin{aligned} x_A &= 2 \text{ m} \\ y_A &= 3 \text{ m} \\ z_A &= 4 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

$$B [x_B, y_B, z_B] \quad \begin{aligned} x_B &= 5 \text{ m} \\ y_B &= 6 \text{ m} \\ z_B &= 7 \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$



Write:

Moment nily  $\vec{F}$  k ose  $\sigma$

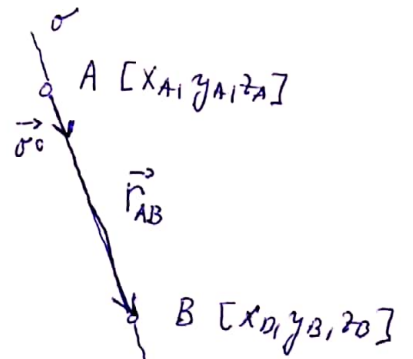
1) Jednotkový vektor  $\vec{e}_\sigma$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{r}_{AB} &= (x_B - x_A, y_B - y_A, z_B - z_A) = \\ &= (5 - 2, 6 - 3, 7 - 4) = (3, 3, 3) \text{ m} \end{aligned}$$

normální vektor  $\vec{r}_{AB}$

$$\begin{aligned} \vec{e}_\sigma &= \frac{\vec{r}_{AB}}{r_{AB}} = \frac{3}{5,2} \vec{i} + \frac{3}{5,2} \vec{j} + \frac{3}{5,2} \vec{k} = \\ &= 0,577 \vec{i} + 0,577 \vec{j} + 0,577 \vec{k} \end{aligned}$$

$\cos \alpha_\sigma$        $\cos \beta_\sigma$        $\cos \gamma_\sigma$



velikost vektoru  $\vec{r}_{AB}$

$$r_{AB} = \sqrt{3^2 + 3^2 + 3^2} = \sqrt{27} = 5,2 \text{ m}$$

2) Moment nily k bodu, který leží na ose  $\sigma$

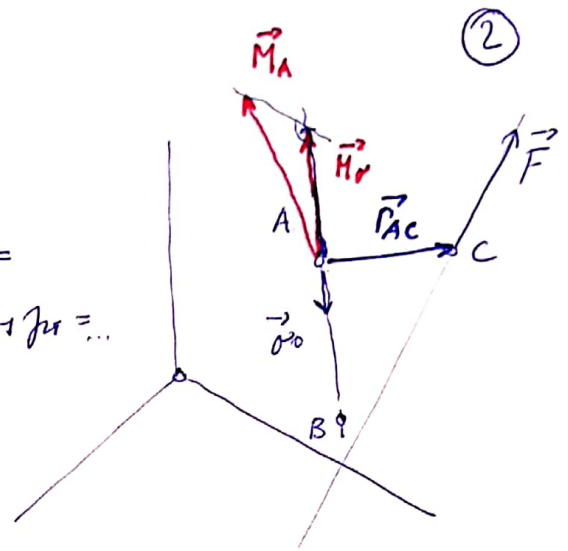
$$\vec{M}_A = \vec{r}_{AC} \times \vec{F} = \begin{vmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ x_{AC} & y_{AC} & z_{AC} \\ F_x & F_y & F_z \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$\vec{M}_A = M_{Ax} \vec{i} + M_{Ay} \vec{j} + M_{Az} \vec{k}$$

$$M_o = \vec{M}_A \cdot \vec{\sigma}^o = (M_{Ax}, M_{Ay}, M_{Az}) \cdot (\cos \alpha_o, \cos \beta_o, \cos \gamma_o) =$$

$$= M_{Ax} \cos \alpha_o + M_{Ay} \cos \beta_o + M_{Az} \cos \gamma_o = \dots$$

$$\vec{M}_o = M_o \cdot \vec{\sigma}^o$$



Gauß'sche Matrix:

$$M_o = \vec{\sigma}^o \cdot \vec{M}_A = \vec{\sigma}^o \cdot (\vec{r}_{AC} \times \vec{F}) = \begin{vmatrix} \cos \alpha_o & \cos \beta_o & \cos \gamma_o \\ x_{AC} & y_{AC} & z_{AC} \\ F_x & F_y & F_z \end{vmatrix} =$$

$$= \cos \alpha_o (y_{AC} \cdot F_z - z_{AC} \cdot F_x) - \cos \beta_o (x_{AC} \cdot F_z - z_{AC} \cdot F_x) +$$

$$+ \cos \gamma_o (x_{AC} \cdot F_y - y_{AC} \cdot F_x) = \dots$$

$$\vec{M}_o = M_o \cdot \vec{\sigma}^o = \dots$$

$$x_{AC} = x_C - x_A = \dots$$

$$y_{AC} = y_C - y_A = \dots$$

$$z_{AC} = z_C - z_A = \dots$$