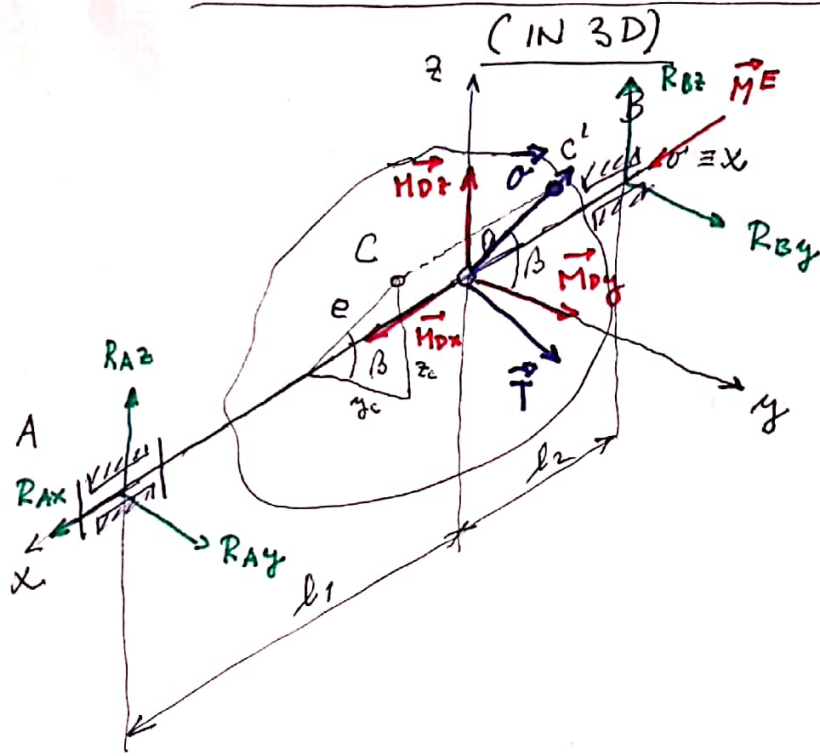


# FREE BODY DIAGRAM OF ROTATING BODY

1



Given:

$C [x_c, y_c, z_c]$  ... position of center of mass of body

$m$  ... mass of body

$J_x$  ... moment of inertia about x-axis

$D_{xy}, D_{xz}$  ... cross moments of inertia

$l_1, l_2$  ... dimensions

Task:

Calculate dynamical forces (reactions) in joints A and B.

in free body diagram:

Action forces:  $M^E$

Reactional forces:  $R_{Ax}, R_{Ay}, R_{Az}, R_{By}, R_{Bz}$

Dynamical forces:  $\vec{D} = \vec{\sigma} + \vec{T}$

$\vec{M}_D = M_{Dx} \vec{i} + M_{Dy} \vec{j} + M_{Dz} \vec{k}$

$C'$  ... projection of center of mass to plane  $(y, z)$  of coordinate system

Equations of dynamical equilibrium:

(1) x:  $R_{Ax} = 0$

(2) y:  $R_{Ay} + R_{By} + \sigma \cdot \cos \beta + T \cdot \sin \beta = 0$

(3) z:  $R_{Az} + R_{Bz} + \sigma \cdot \sin \beta - T \cdot \cos \beta = 0$

(4)  $\vec{x}$ :  $M_{Dx} + M^E = 0$

(5)  $\vec{y}$ :  $-R_{Az} \cdot l_1 + R_{Bz} \cdot l_2 + M_{Dy} = 0$

(6)  $\vec{z}$ :  $R_{Ay} \cdot l_1 - R_{By} \cdot l_2 + M_{Dz} = 0$

Additional eqns:

(7)  $\tan \beta = \frac{z_c}{y_c} \Rightarrow \beta = \dots$

(8)  $\sigma = m e \omega^2$

(9)  $T = m e a$

(10)  $e = \sqrt{y_c^2 + z_c^2}$

(11)  $M_{Dx} = -J_x \cdot \alpha$

(12)  $M_{Dy} = \alpha D_{xy} - \omega^2 D_{xz}$

(13)  $M_{Dz} = \alpha D_{xz} + \omega^2 D_{xy}$

(14)  $\alpha = \frac{d\omega}{dt}$  ; (15)  $\omega = \frac{d\varphi}{dt}$

kinematically:  $R_{Ax}, R_{Ay}, R_{Az}, R_{By}, R_{Bz}$  ?

condition:  $M_E = 0$

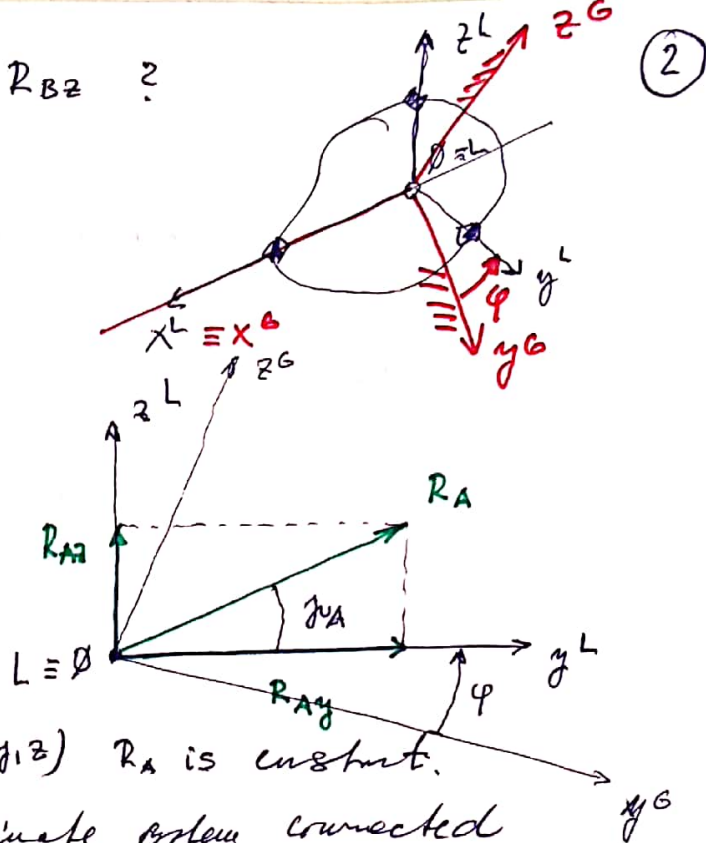
(1)  $R_{Ax} = 0$

$R_{Ay} = f_1(w, \alpha, \dots)$

$R_{Az} = f_2(w, \alpha, \dots)$

$R_A = \sqrt{R_{Ay}^2 + R_{Az}^2}$

$\tan \gamma_A = \frac{R_{Az}}{R_{Ay}} \Rightarrow \gamma_A = \dots$



in coordinate system  $(O, x, y, z)$   $R_A$  is constant.

local coordinate system connected with body

$(O, x^G, y^G, z^G)$  ... global coordinate system connected with ground

$R_{Ay}^G = R_A \cdot \cos(\gamma_A + \varphi)$

$R_{Az}^G = R_A \cdot \sin(\gamma_A + \varphi)$

