

Instructions: For all examples, if necessary, use a confidence level $\alpha = 5\%$.

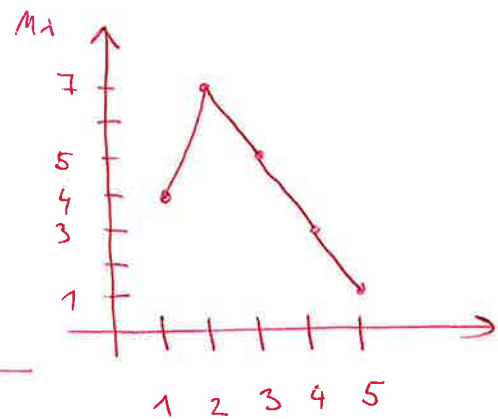
Data: File Chemical process.sta from the program *Statistica*. It is available via File\Open Examples from the folder Datasets.

1. Students wrote a test of math and the frequencies of the grades (increasing order) are: Excellent 4 times, Very Good 7 times, Good 5 times, Sufficient 3 times and Failed 1 time.

Tasks:

- (a) Write a frequency table including absolute frequencies, relative frequencies of the grades. If applicable, state also cumulative frequencies (rel., abs.), if they have a sense in this case.
- (b) Draw an appropriate graph. What is the variable type?
- (c) Find the mode, median and the both quartiles.

	X_i	M_i	μ_i	F_i
Excellent	1	4	0,2	0,2
	2	7	0,35	0,55
	3	5	0,25	0,8
	4	3	0,15	0,95
Failed	5	1	0,05	1,00
		20	1,00	



Variable is ordinal.

$$\hat{X} = \text{Very Good} = \tilde{X} = X_{0,25}$$

$$X_{0,75} = \text{Good}$$

2. Let's assume that variable HCl (volume of hydrogen chloride) has a normal distribution and following sample statistics:

mean $\bar{x} = 10,13$, st. deviation $s_x = 1,42$ and count $n = 100$.

- (a) Find a left-sided confidence interval for its mean μ .
 (b) Find a right-sided confidence interval for of variance σ^2 .

$$a) \Delta = \frac{1,42}{\sqrt{100}} \cdot 1,65 = 0,2343 \quad \mu \in (10,13 - 0,2343, +\infty) = (9,8957, +\infty)$$

$$b) \sigma^2 \in \left(-\infty; \frac{99 \cdot 1,42^2}{\chi^2_{0,05}(99) = 77,04} \right) = \left(-\infty; \frac{2,59}{1,62} \right)$$

3. Write using the program *Statistica* or another software which is allowed the following percentiles:

$$t\text{-distribution: } t_{0,05}(4) = -2,132$$

$$t_{0,99}(20) = 2,528$$

$$F\text{-distribution: } F_{0,95}(6,3) = 8,941$$

$$F_{0,01}(1,8) = 0,00167$$

Instructions: For all examples, if necessary, use a confidence level $\alpha = 5\%$.

Data: File Chemical process.sta from the program *Statistica*. It is available via File\Open Examples from the folder Datasets.

1. There are frequencies of cars standing on a school parking:

Skoda 8, VW 2, KIA 2, Opel 3, Toyota 2, Ford 3.

Tasks:

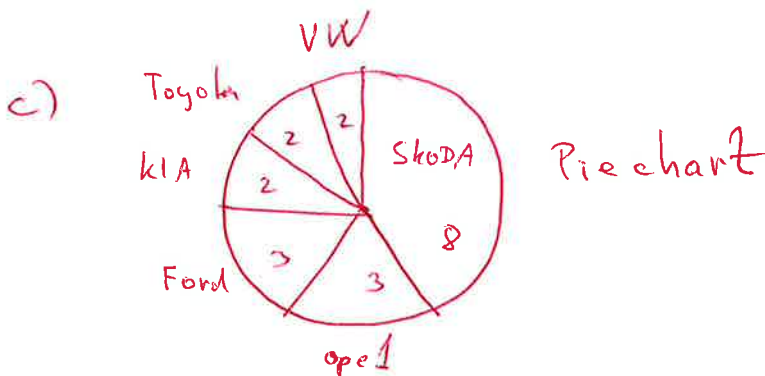
- What is the variable type? Write a frequency table.
- Measure its variability.
- Draw a graph.

a) Nominal.

X_i	n_i	n_i^2	p_i
Ford	3	9	0,15
KIA	2	4	0,1
Opel	3	9	0,15
Skoda	8	64	0,4
Toyota	2	4	0,1
VW	2	4	0,1
	<u>20</u>	<u>94</u>	<u>1,00</u>

$$b) M = \frac{20^2 - 94}{20 \cdot 19} = \underline{\underline{0,805}}$$

$$\text{Nom Var} = 1 - 0,235 = \underline{\underline{0,765}}$$



2. Let's assume that variable H_2O (a water percentage) has a normal distribution and following sample statistics:

mean $\bar{x} = 9,73$, st. deviation $s_x = 1,55$ and count $n = 100$.

(a) Find a right-sided confidence interval for its mean μ .

(b) Find a left-sided confidence interval for of variance σ^2 .

$$a) \mu \in \left(-\infty; 9,73 + \frac{1,55}{10} \cdot 1,65 \right) = \underline{\underline{(-\infty; 9,986)}}$$

$$b) \sigma^2 \in \left(99 \cdot \frac{1,55^2}{123,23}; +\infty \right) = \underline{\underline{(1,93; +\infty)}}$$

3. Write using the program *Statistica* or another software which is allowed the following percentiles:

$$\text{Normal distribution } N(2, 9): p_{0,15} = -1,1 \quad p_{0,90} = 5,84$$

$$\chi^2\text{-distribution: } \chi_{0,95}^2(6) = 12,59 \quad \chi_{0,99}^2(10) = 23,21$$